

Revision Number: 005.0 Issue date: 08/04/2016

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

IDH number:

Product name: LOCTITE UR 071A known as

MACROPLAST UR 071A formerly

Product type: Urethane adhesive

Restriction of Use: This product is for industrial use only.

Company address: Henkel Corporation One Henkel Way

Rocky Hill, Connecticut 06067

Company address:

Region: United States

Contact information: Telephone: (860) 571-5100

MEDICAL EMERGENCY Phone: Poison Control Center 1-877-671-4608 (toll free) or 1-303-592-1711

1219036

TRANSPORT EMERGENCY Phone: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (toll free) or 1-703-527-3887

Internet: www.henkelna.com

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

DANGER: CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION.

MAY CAUSE AN ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION.

CAUSES SERIOUS EYE IRRITATION.

MAY CAUSE ALLERGY OR ASTHMA SYMPTOMS OR BREATHING

DIFFICULTIES IF INHALED.

CAUSES DAMAGE TO ORGANS THROUGH PROLONGED OR REPEATED

EXPOSURE.

| HAZARD CLASS | HAZARD CATEGORY | |
|--|-----------------|--|
| SKIN IRRITATION | 2 | |
| EYE IRRITATION | 2A | |
| RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION | 1 | |
| SKIN SENSITIZATION | 1 | |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE | 1 | |

PICTOGRAM(S)



Precautionary Statements

Prevention: Do not breathe vapors, mist, or spray. Wash affected area thoroughly after handling. Do not

eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves, eye protection, and face protection. In case of

inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Response: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to

fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center or physician. Take

off contaminated clothing.

Storage: Not prescribed

Disposal: Dispose of contents and/or container according to Federal, State/Provincial and local

governmental regulations.

IDH number: 1219036 Product name: LOCTITE UR 071A known as MACROPLAST UR 071A formerly Page 1 of 8

Classification complies with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and is consistent with the provisions of the United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

See Section 11 for additional toxicological information.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Hazardous Component(s) | CAS Number | Percentage* | |
|--|-------------|-------------|----------|
| Isocyanate terminated urethane polymer | Unknown | 60 - 100 | |
| Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate) | 101-68-8 | 5 - 10 | <u> </u> |
| N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone | 872-50-4 | 5 - 10 | |
| Treated fumed silica | 67762-90-7 | 1 - 5 | |
| Carbonic Ester | Proprietary | 1 - 5 | |
| Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate | 26447-40-5 | 1 - 5 | |
| Dibutyltin dilaurate | 77-58-7 | 0.1 - 1 | |

^{*} Exact percentage is a trade secret. Concentration range is provided to assist users in providing appropriate protections.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Asthmatic-type symptoms may develop and may be

immediate or delayed up to several hours. Get medical attention.

Skin contact: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water (using soap, if available). Remove

contaminated clothing and footwear. For severe exposures, get under safety shower after removing clothing, then get medical attention. For lesser exposure, seek medical attention if irritation develops or persists after area is

washed. Wash clothing before reuse.

Eye contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15

minutes. Get medical attention.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. Get medical attention.

Symptoms: See Section 11.

Notes to physician: Eyes:Stain for evidence of corneal injury.If cornea is burned, instill antibiotic

steroid preparation frequently. Workplace vapors have produced reversible corneal epithelial edema impairing vision. Skin: Treat symptomatically as for contact dermatitis or thermal burns. This compound is a known skin sensitizer. Ingestion: There is no specific antidote. Inducing vomiting is

contraindicated because of the irritating nature of this

compound.Respiratory:This compound is a known pulmonary sensitizer.Treat

symptomatically and supportively,

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media:

Foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Special firefighting procedures:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as turn-out gear. During a fire, MDI vapors and other Irritating, highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. At temperatures above 204.4°C (400°F), polymeric MDI can polymerize and decompose which can cause pressure build-up in closed containers. Explosive rupture is

possible,

IDH number: 1219036

Product name: LOCTITE UR 071A known as MACROPLAST UR 071A formerly Page 2 of 8

Unusual fire or explosion hazards:

Sealed containers at elevated temperatures or contaminated with water may rupture explosively. Water or fog may cause frothing which can be violent especially if sprayed into containers of hot or burning liquid. Do not allow runoff from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous combustion products:

Oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, irritating organic vapors. Hydrogen cyanide. Isocyanates.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8, isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

Environmental precautions:

Do not allow product to enter sewer or waterways.

Clean-up methods:

Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate and ventilate spill area; dike spill to prevent entry into water system; wear full protective equipment during cleanup. Refer to Section 8 "Exposure Controls / Personal Protection" prior to cleanup. If temporary control of isocyanate vapor is required, a blanket of protein foam (available at most fire departments) may be placed over spill. Large quantities may be pumped into closed, but not sealed containers for disposal. For minor spills, absorb isocyanates with sawdust or other absorbent, shovel into suitable unsealed containers, transport to well ventilated area (outside) and treat with neutralizing solution: mixture of 80% water and 20% non-lonic surfactant Tergitol TMN-10; or 90% water, 3-8% concentrated ammonia and 2% detergent. Add about ten parts of neutralizer per part of isocyanate, with mixing. Allow to stand uncovered for 48 hours to let carbon dioxide escape. Decontaminate floor with decontamination solution letting stand for at least 15 minutes.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Prevent contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not breathe vapor and mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Exposure to vapors of heated MDI can be extremely dangerous. Use only with adequate ventilation. Protect from moisture. Keep container closed. Employee education and training in the safe use and handling of this compound are required under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard. Refer to Section 8.

Storage:

Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place away from incompatible materials. Store away from heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition. Do not let moisture contaminate this material. Product reacts with water to release carbon dioxide, which could build up pressure in closed containers and lead to bursting. Do not reseal if moisture contamination is suspected. Do not reseal if contamination is suspected. MDI reacts slowly with water to form carbon dioxide gas. This gas can cause sealed containers to expand and possibly rupture. If container is exposed to high heat (204.4 °C (400 °F)), it can be pressurized and possibly rupture.

IDH number: 1219036

Product name: LOCTITE UR 071A known as MACROPLAST UR 071A formerly Page 3 of 8

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Employers should complete an assessment of all workplaces to determine the need for, and selection of, proper exposure controls and protective equipment for each task performed.

| Hazardous Component(s) | ACGIH TLV | OSHA PEL | AIHA WEEL | OTHER |
|--|---|--|-----------|-------|
| Isocyanate terminated urethane polymer | None | None | None | None |
| Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate) | 0.005 ppm TWA | 0,02 ppm (0,2 mg/m3) Ceiling | None | None |
| N-Methyl-2-pyrrolldone | None | 10 ppm (40 mg/m3) None TWA (SKIN) | | None |
| Treated fumed silica | 10 mg/m3 TWA Inhalable dust. 3 mg/m3 TWA Respirable fraction. | 15 mg/m3 TWA Total dust. 5 mg/m3 TWA Respirable fraction. | None | None |
| Carbonic Ester | None | None None | | None |
| Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate | None | None | None | None |
| Dibutyltin dilaurate | 0.1 mg/m3 TWA (as Sn) 0.2 mg/m3 STEL (as Sn) (SKIN) (as Sn) | 0.1 mg/m3 PEL (as Sn) | None | None |

Engineering controls:

Local exhaust should be used to maintain levels below the TLV whenever MDI is processed, heated or spray applied. Standard reference sources regarding industrial ventilation (i.e., ACGIH Industrial Ventilation) should be consulted for guidance about adequate ventilation. Air monitoring: Monitoring of airborne isocyanates in the breathing zone of individuals should become part of the overall employee exposure characterization program. Isocyanate exposure levels must be monitored. Monitoring techniques have been developed by NIOSH and OSHA. Medical Surveillance: Medical supervision of all employees who handle or come in contact with isocyanates is recommended. These should include preemployment and periodic medical examinations with pulmonary function tests (FEV, FVC as a minimum). Persons with asthmatic-type conditions, chronic bronchitis, other chronic respiratory diseases or recurrent skin eczema or sensitization should be excluded from working with isocyanates. Once a person is diagnosed as sensitized to an isocyanate, no further exposure can be permitted.

Respiratory protection:

Concentrations greater than the TLV can occur when MDI is sprayed, heated or used in a poorly ventilated area. In such cases, or whenever concentrations of MDI exceed the TLV, respiratory protection must be worn. A positive pressure, supplied-air respirator or a self-contained breathing apparatus is recommended. In situations where MDI is not sprayed, heated, or used in a poorly ventilated area, and a supplied-air or self-contained breathing apparatus is unavailable or its use impractical, at least an air-purifying cartridge and particulate pre-filters must be worn.

However, this should be permitted only for short periods of time (less than one hour) at relatively low concentrations (at or near the TLV). However, due to the poor warning properties of MDI, proper fit and timely replacement of filter elements must be ensured. Observe OSHA regulations for respirator use (29 CFR 1910.134).

Eye/face protection:

Safety glasses with sideshields or chemical safety goggles should be worn if there is a risk of splashing. Full face protection should be used if the potential for splashing or spraying of product exists. Safety showers and eye wash stations should be available. Vapor resistant goggles should be worn when contact lenses are in use.

IDH number: 1219036

Product name: LOCTITE UR 071A known as MACROPLAST UR 071A formerly Page 4 of 8

Skin protection:

Use chemical resistant, impermeable clothing including gloves and either an apron or body suit to prevent skin contact. Permeation resistant gloves (butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, polyvinyl alcohol). However, please note that polyvinyl alcohol degrades in water. Cover as much of the exposed skin area as possible with appropriate clothing. If skin creams are used, keep the area covered by the cream to a minimum. Safety showers and eye wash stations should be available. Educate and train employees in safe use of product.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state:

Color:

Odor:

Odor threshold:

pH:

Vapor pressure:

Bolling point/range: Melting point/ range:

Specific gravity:

Vapor density:

Flash point:

Flammable/Explosive limits - lower:

Flammable/Explosive limits - upper: Autoignition temperature:

Flammability: Evaporation rate:

Solubility in water: Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):

VOC content: Viscosity:

Decomposition temperature:

Liquid

White Slight

Not available.

Not applicable

60 mm hg (20 °C (68°F)) None

Not applicable Not available.

0.98

Not available.

> 93.3 °C (> 199.94 °F) Setaflash Closed Cup

Not available. Not available. Not available.

Not applicable Not determined Insoluble

Not determined 1.3 lb/gal Not available. Not available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:

Stable under normal conditions of storage and use.

Hazardous reactions:

Contact with moisture, other materials which can react with isocyanates, or temperatures above 204.4°C (400°F), may cause polymerization.

Hazardous decomposition

products:

Irritating organic vapours. Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen. Hydrogen cyanide. MDI vapors and aerosols. Isocyanates.

Incompatible materials:

Water. Alcohols. Amines. Ammonia. Strong acids and strong bases.

Reactivity:

Not available.

Conditions to avoid:

Keep away from heat, ignition sources and incompatible materials. Contamination with water.

Avoid moisture.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Relevant routes of exposure:

Skin, Inhalation, Eyes, Ingestion, Aerosols or vapors can be formed during heating, foaming, or

spraying.

IDH number: 1219036

Product name: LOCTITE UR 071A known as MACROPLAST UR 071A formerly Page 5 of 8

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Potential Health Effects/Symptoms

Inhalation:

Acute: Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate (MDI) vapors or mist at concentrations above the TLV can irritate the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) causing runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function (breathing obstruction). Persons with preexisting, nonspecific bronchial hyper-reactivity can respond to concentrations below the TLV with similar symptoms as well as lead to bronchitis, bronchial spasm and pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs). Chronic: As a result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals will develop isocyanate sensitization (chemical asthma) which will cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanate at levels well below the TLV. Chronic overexposure to isocyanates has been reported to cause lung damage. May cause allergic respiratory reaction. These symptoms, which can include chest tightness, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath or asthma attack, could be immediate or delayed (up to several hours after exposure). Similar to many non-specific asthmatic responses, there are reports that once sensitized an individual can experience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air, or other irritants. This increased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and in severe cases for several years. Over exposure to isocyanates has also been reported to cause lung damage (including decrease in lung function) which may be permanent. Sensitization can either be temporary or permanent. Harmful if inhaled,

Skin contact:

Acute: Causes skin irritation. May cause allergic skin reaction, Isocyanates react with skin protein and moisture and can cause irritation which may include the following symptoms: reddening, swelling, rash, scaling or blistering. Cured material is difficult to remove. Chronic: Prolonged contact can cause reddening, swelling, rash, scaling, blistering and in some cases, skin sensitization. Individuals who have skin sensitization can develop these symptoms from contact with liquid or vapor. Once sensitized, an individual may react even to airborne levels below the TLV with the following symptoms: itching and tingling of the earlobes and neck, rash, hives, swelling of the arms and legs or other symptoms common to allergic dermatitis. Animal tests have indicated that respiratory sensitization can result from skin contact with MDI. These data reinforce the need to prevent direct skin contact with MDI.

Eye contact:

Causes serious eye irritation. Liquid, aerosols or vapor are irritating and can cause tearing, reddening and swelling. If left untreated, corneal damage can occur and injury is slow to heal.

Damage however is usually reversible. See Section 4 for First Aid measures.

Ingestion:

Irritation and corrosive action can occur in the mouth, stomach tissue and digestive tract if swallowed. Symptoms can include sore throat, abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Harmful if swallowed,

| Hazardous Component(s) | LD50s and LC50s | Immediate and Delayed Health Effects No Data | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Isocyanate terminated urethane polymer | None | | |
| Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate) | Inhalation LC50 (Rat, 4 h) = 0.38 mg/l Inhalation LC50 (Rat, 4 h) = 0.369 mg/l | Irritant, Respiratory, Allergen | |
| N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone | Oral LD50 (Mouse) = 5,130 mg/kg Oral LD50 (Rat) = 4,320 mg/kg Oral LD50 (Rat) = 3,914 mg/kg Oral LD50 (Mouse) = 7,725 mg/kg Dermal LD50 (Rabbit) = 8,000 mg/kg | Blood, Bone Marrow, Central nervous system, Immune system, Irritant, Lung | |
| Treated fumed silica | None | Irritant | |
| Carbonic Ester | None | Irritant | |
| Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate | None | Allergen, Irritant, Mutagen, Respiratory | |
| DibutyItin dilaurate | Oral LD50 (Rat) = 175 mg/kg | Central nervous system, Eyes, Irritant | |

| Hazardous Component(s) | NTP Carcinogen | IARC Carcinogen | OSHA Carcinogen (Specifically Regulated) |
|--|----------------|-----------------|--|
| Isocyanate terminated urethane polymer | No | No | No |
| Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate) | No | No | No |
| N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone | No | No | No |
| Treated fumed silica | No | No | No |
| Carbonic Ester | No | No | No |
| Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate | No | No | No |
| Dibutyltin dilaurate | No | No | No |

IDH number: 1219036

Product name: LOCTITE UR 071A known as MACROPLAST UR 071A formerly Page 6 of 8

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecological information:

Not available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Information provided is for unused product only.

Recommended method of disposal:

Follow all local, state, federal and provincial regulations for disposal.

Hazardous waste number:

Not a RCRA hazardous waste.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION 14.

The transport Information provided in this section only applies to the material/formulation itself, and is not specific to any package/configuration.

U.S. Department of Transportation Ground (49 CFR)

Proper shipping name:

Not regulated

Hazard class or division:

None

Identification number: Packing group:

None None

International Air Transportation (ICAO/IATA)

Proper shipping name:

Not regulated

Hazard class or division:

None None

Identification number: Packing group:

None

Water Transportation (IMO/IMDG)

Proper shipping name:

Not regulated

Hazard class or division:

None

Identification number:

None

Packing group:

None

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

United States Regulatory Information

TSCA 8 (b) Inventory Status:

All components are listed or are exempt from listing on the Toxic Substances Control Act

Inventory.

TSCA 12 (b) Export Notification:

None above reporting de minimis

CERCLA/SARA Section 302 EHS:

None above reporting de minimis.

CERCLA/SARA Section 311/312:

Immediate Health, Delayed Health

CERCLA/SARA Section 313:

This product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 (40 CFR 372). Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate) (CAS# 101-68-8). N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone

(CAS# 872-50-4),

California Proposition 65:

This product contains a chemical known in the State of California to cause cancer. This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other

reproductive harm.

Canada Regulatory Information

CEPA DSL/NDSL Status:

One or more components are not listed on, and are not exempt from listing on either the

Domestic Substances List or the Non-Domestic Substances List.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

This safety data sheet contains changes from the previous version in sections: 2

IDH number: 1219036

Product name: LOCTITE UR 071A known as MACROPLAST UR 071A formerly Page 7 of 8

Prepared by:

Sheila Gines, Regulatory Affairs Specialist

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IDH number: 1219036

Product name: LOCTITE UR 071A known as MACROPLAST UR 071A formerly Page 8 of 8